



Hacettepe University

Computer Engineering Department

Programming in python

BBM103 Introduction to Programming Lab 1
Week 8

Fall 2016

Dictionary Example 1: Dictionaries with dictionaries as values

```
1 meltem = {
2     "name": "Meltem",
3     "assignments": [90.0,97.0,75.0,92.0],
4     "quizzes": [88.0,40.0,94.0],
5     "exams": [75.0,90.0]
6 }
7 ahmet = {
8     "name": "Ahmet",
9     "assignments": [100.0, 92.0, 98.0, 100.0],
10    "quizzes": [82.0, 83.0, 91.0],
11    "exams": [89.0, 97.0]
12 }
13 ebru = {
14    "name": "Ebru",
15    "assignments": [0.0, 87.0, 75.0, 22.0],
16    "quizzes": [0.0, 75.0, 78.0],
17    "exams": [100.0, 100.0]
18 }
19
20 students = {
21    meltem["name"]:meltem,
22    ahmet["name"]:ahmet,
23    ebru["name"]:ebru
24 }
25
26 for student,grade_data in students.items():
27     print(student)
28     for entry_type in grade_data.keys():
29         if entry_type!="name":
30             print("Grades from",entry_type,"-",grade_data[entry_type])
31     print("-----")
```

Assigning dictionaries as values to the students dictionary

Output:

Meltem

Grades from exams - [75.0, 90.0]

Grades from quizzes - [88.0, 40.0, 94.0]

Grades from assignments - [90.0, 97.0, 75.0, 92.0]

Ahmet

Grades from exams - [89.0, 97.0]

Grades from quizzes - [82.0, 83.0, 91.0]

Grades from assignments - [100.0, 92.0, 98.0, 100.0]

Ebru

Grades from exams - [100.0, 100.0]

Grades from quizzes - [0.0, 75.0, 78.0]

Grades from assignments - [0.0, 87.0, 75.0, 22.0]

Exercise: Rewrite this example using a list named `students` instead of a dictionary.

Dictionary Example 2: Calculating the total cost of a shopping list

```
1 price_file=open("price_list.txt","r")
2 shopping_list_file=open("shopping_list.txt","r")
3
4 prices = {}
5
6 for line in price_file.readlines():
7     line=line.rstrip("\n")
8     entry = line.split("-")
9     prices[entry[0]]=entry[1]
10
11 shopping_list = {}
12
13 for line in shopping_list_file.readlines():
14     line=line.rstrip("\n")
15     entry = line.split(":")
16     check_for_unwanted_line = entry[1].replace(" ", "") #get rid of spaces
17     if not check_for_unwanted_line.isalpha(): #check if not letters
18         shopping_list[entry[0]]=entry[1]
```

price_list.txt

```
fruit-price per kg
apple-3.0
orange-4.0
banana-7.0
lemon-5.0
kiwi-6.0
pomegranate-5.5
pear-3.5
```

shopping_list.txt

```
fruit:wanted amount in kg
kiwi:2
apple:5.5
banana:1
grape:3
```

This example continues
in the next slide →

```
20 total_amount_to_pay = 0
21 missing_items = []
22
23 for item in shopping_list.keys():
24     print("You want to buy {} kg of {}".format(shopping_list[item], item))
25     if item in prices:
26         total_amount_to_pay += float(prices[item])*float(shopping_list[item])
27     else:
28         missing_items.append(item)
29
30
31 if len(missing_items)>0:
32     print("Fruits that were not available:")
33     for item in missing_items:
34         print(item)
35
36     print("The total cost for your fruits is:", total_amount_to_pay, "TL")
37
38 price_file.close()
39 shopping_list_file.close()
```

Output:

You want to buy 5.5 kg of apple

You want to buy 1 kg of banana

You want to buy 2 kg of kiwi

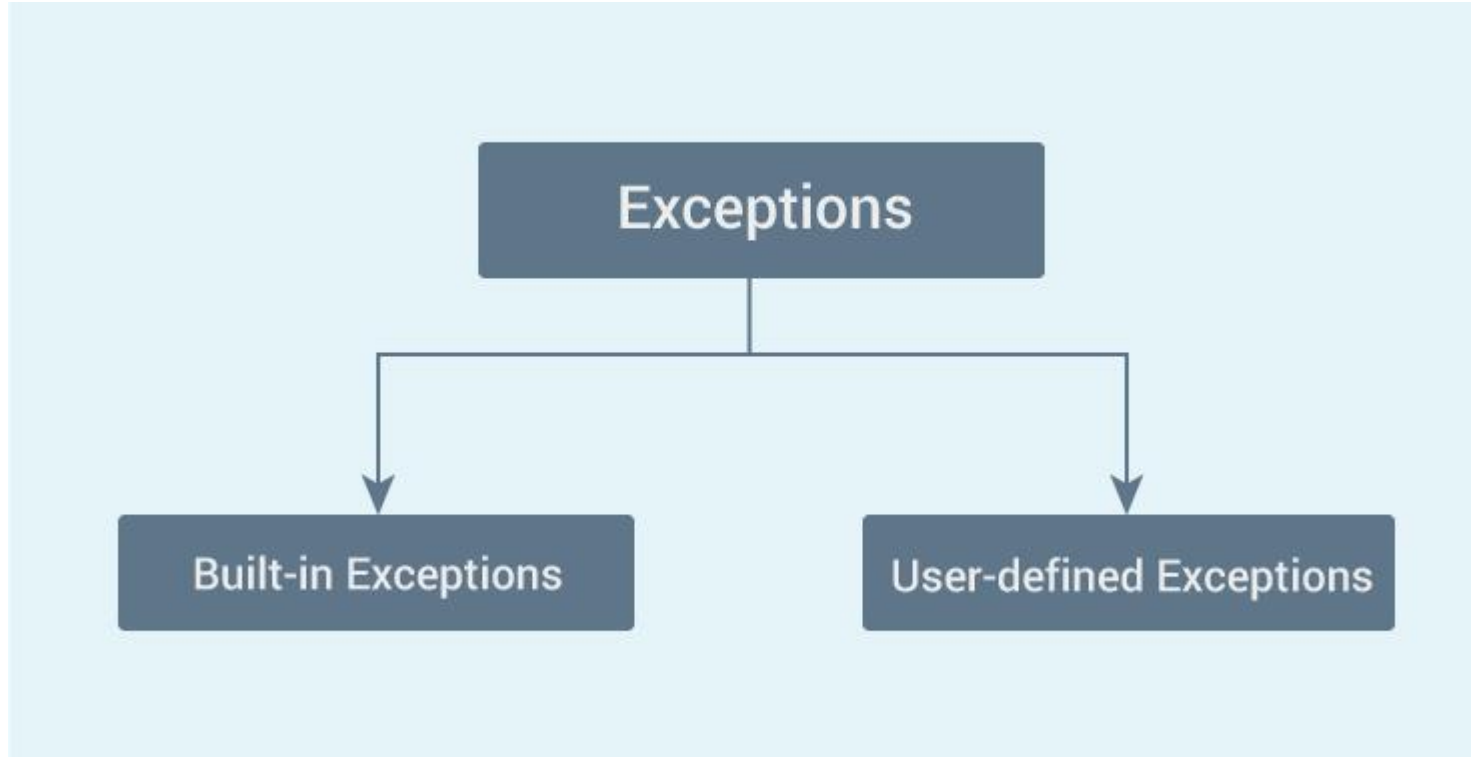
You want to buy 3 kg of grape

Fruits that were not available:

grape

The total cost for your fruits is: 35.5 TL

Exceptions



Built-in Exceptions

The simplest way to handle exceptions is with a "try-except" block:

Example 1:

```
(x,y) = (5,0)
try:
    z = x/y
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print ("divide by zero")
```

Output: divide by zero

Example 2: except ValueError:

```
first_number = input("First number: ")
second_number = input("Second number: ")
try:
    number1 = int(first_number)
    number2 = int(second_number)
    print(number1, "/", number2, "=", number1 / number2)
except ValueError:
    print("Error! Please enter number!")
```

Example 3: except ZeroDivisionError:

```
first_number = input("First number: ")
second_number = input("Second number: ")
try:
    number1 = int(first_number)
    number2 = int(second_number)
    print(number1, "/", number2, "=", number1 / number2)
except ValueError:
    print("Error! Please enter number!")
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print("You can't divide a number to 0!")
```


Example 4: except (ValueError, ZeroDivisionError)

```
first_number = input("First number: ")
second_number = input("Second number: ")
try:
    number1 = int(first_number)
    number2 = int(second_number)
    print(number1, "/", number2, "=", number1 / number2)
except (ValueError, ZeroDivisionError):
    print("Error!")
```

Example 5: try... except... as...

```
first_number = input("First number: ")
second_number = input("Second number: ")
try:
    number1 = int(first_number)
    number2 = int(second_number)
    print(number1, "/", number2, "=", number1 / number2)
except (ValueError, ZeroDivisionError) as error:
    print("Error!")
    print("Original error message: ", error)
```

Example 6: try... except... else...

```
for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
    try:
        f = open(arg, 'r')
    except IOError:
        print('cannot open', arg)
    else:
        print(arg, 'has', len(f.readlines()), 'lines')
        f.close()
```

Example 7: try... except... finally...

```
try:
    file = open("dosyaadi", "r")
except IOError:
    print("error!")
finally:
    file.close()
```

Some Examples using Exceptions

except IOError:

```
print('An error occurred trying to read the file.')
```

except ValueError:

```
print('Non-numeric data found in the file.')
```

except ImportError:

```
print ("NO module found«)
```

except EOFError:

```
print('Why did you do an EOF on me?')
```

except KeyboardInterrupt:

```
print('You cancelled the operation.')
```

except:

```
print('An error occurred.')
```

raise

Example 8:

```
tr_character = "şçğüöıİ"

password = input("Enter your password: ")

for i in password:
    if i in tr_character:
        raise TypeError("Yo can't use Turkish characters in password!")
    else:
        pass

print("Password is excepted!")
```

Example 9:

```
- try:
-     while True:
-         if int(input('Guess a number: ')) == 5
-             raise ZeroDivisionError
- except ZeroDivisionError:
-     print ('You got it!')
```

Example 10:

```
import sys

try:
    f = open('myfile.txt')
    s = f.readline()
    i = int(s.strip())
except OSError as err:
    print("OS error: {0}".format(err))
except ValueError:
    print("Could not convert data to an integer.")
except:
    print("Unexpected error:", sys.exc_info()[0])
    raise
```


User-Defined Exceptions

Example 11:

```
class MyException(Exception):
    def __init__(self, t=0):
        self.numtries = t

try:
    for tries in range(1, 6):
        if int(input('Guess a number: ')) == 5:
            raise MyException(tries)
except MyException as e:
    print ('You got it in only %d tries!' % e.numtries)
else:
    print ('Too bad, you ran out of tries!')
```

Example 12 user-defined exceptions

```
-class Error(Exception):  
    """Base class for other exceptions"""  
    pass  
  
-class ValueTooSmallError(Error):  
    """Raised when the input value is too small"""  
    pass  
  
-class ValueTooLargeError(Error):  
    """Raised when the input value is too large"""  
    pass  
  
# our main program  
# user guesses a number until he/she gets it right  
  
# you need to guess this number  
number = 10
```

This example continues
in the next slide →

Example 12 continued

```
- while True:
-     try:
-         i_num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
-         if i_num < number:
-             raise ValueError
-         elif i_num > number:
-             raise ValueError
-         break
-     except ValueError:
-         print("This value is too small, try again!")
-         print()
-     except ValueError:
-         print("This value is too large, try again!")
-         print()
print("Congratulations! You guessed it correctly.")
```

Assert

```
assert <some_test>, <message>
```

Example 13:

```
def test_set_comparison():  
    set1 = set("1308")  
    set2 = set("8035")  
    assert set1 == set2  
  
test_set_comparison()
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\necva\Desktop>py deneme.py  
Traceback (most recent call last):  
  File "deneme.py", line 8, in <module>  
    test_set_comparison()  
  File "deneme.py", line 4, in test_set_comparison  
    assert set1 == set2  
AssertionError
```

Example 14:

```
array = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

def number(input):
    assert (input in array)

number(10)
number(5)
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\necva\Desktop>py deneme.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "deneme.py", line 7, in <module>
    number(10)
  File "deneme.py", line 4, in number
    assert (input in array)
AssertionError
```

Example 15:

```
def func (a,b):  
    max= 0  
    if a < b: max= b  
    if b < a: max= a  
    print(max)  
    assert (max == a or max == b) and max >= a and max >= b  
  
func(10,15)
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\necva\Desktop>py deneme.py  
15
```