HACETTEPE UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING
BBM204 PROGRAMMING LAB.
ASSIGNMENT #1

Subject: Analysis of Algorithms
Submission Date: February 19,2015
Deadline: March 4,2015
Programming Language: C

1 Introduction

In this experiment, you will analyze different algorithms and compare their running times. You are expected to measure running times of the algorithms which are listed below (in the Problem section), and comment about the results.

2 Background

Analysis of algorithms is the area of computer science that provides tools to analyze the efficiency of different methods of solutions. Efficiency of an algorithm is depending on different parameters; how much time, memory space, disk space etc. it requires. Analysis of algorithms is necessary for lots of reasons but mainly used to predict performance and compare algorithms that are developed for the same task. Also it provides guarantees for performance and helps to understand theoretical basis.

A complete analysis of the running time of an algorithm involves the following steps:

- Implement the algorithm completely.
- Determine the time required for each basic operation.
- Identify unknown quantities that can be used to describe the frequency of execution of the basic operations.
- Develop a realistic model for the input to the program.
- Analyze the unknown quantities, assuming the modelled input.

- Calculate the total running time by multiplying the time by the frequency for each operation, then adding all the products.

On these experiments, you will measure time requirements of the algoritms and compare their time complexities. A time complexity analysis should focus on gross differences in the efficiency of algorithms that are likely to dominate the overall cost of a solution. You can analyze the example below:

	Unit Cost	Times
i=1;	c1	1
sum = 0;	c2	1
while (i $\leq$ n) {	c3	n+1
j=1;	c4	n
while (j $\leq$ n) {	c5	n*(n+1)
sum = sum + i;	c6	n*n
j = j + 1;	c7	n*n
}		
i = i +1;	c8	n
}		

Total Cost = c1 + c2 + (n+1)*c3 + n*c4 + n*(n+1)*c5+n*n*c6 + n*n*c7 + n*c8. The time required for this algorithm is proportional to n^2 which is determined as growth rate and it is usually denoted as $O(n^2)$.

The details of the notations are not given in this assignment paper, you should research and use it for your comments.

3 Problem

You are given 5 different algorithms for different purposes and their pseudocodes that are listed below.

1. Matrix multiplication : Pseudocode for matrix multiplication of two square matrices,

```
for i = 1 to N
    for j = 1 to N
            c (i , j ) = 0
            for k = 1 to N
                    c (i , j ) = c (i , j ) + a (i , k ) * b (k , j )
            end
     end
 end
```

2. Finding maximum element
3. Bubble sort algorithm : An optimized version of bubble sort algorithm's pseudocode,

```
func Bubblesort( var a as array )
    for i from 1 to N
        swaps = 0
        for j from 0 to N − i
            if a[j] > a[j + 1]
                swap( a[j], a[j + 1] )
                swaps = swaps + 1
        if swaps = 0
            break
end func
```

4. Quick sort algorithm

```
func Quicksort(A as array, low as int, high as int)
    if (low < high)
        pivot_location = Partition(A,low,high)
        Quicksort(A,low, pivot_location − 1)
        Quicksort(A, pivot_location + 1, high)
end func

func Partition(A as array, low as int, high as int)
     pivot = A[low]
     leftwall = low
     for i = low + 1 to high
         if (A[i] < pivot) then
             leftwall = leftwall + 1
             swap(A[i], A[leftwall])
     swap(A[low],A[leftwall])

     return (leftwall)
end func
```

5. Binary search algorithm : Pseudocode of iterative binary search algorithm,

```
func BinarySearch(a, value, left, right)
    while left <= right
        mid = floor((right−left)/2)+left
        if a[mid] == value
            return mid
        if value < a[mid]
            right = mid−1
        else
            left  = mid+1
    return not_found
end func
```

You must execute this algorithms on randomly generated integer numbers. For this purpose , you must carry out the following main steps.

- Generate n random integer numbers. For matrix multiplication you will generate a $n \times n$ matrix.
- Run given algorithms. Binary search algorithm must be executed on sorted numbers that are obtained by Quick or Bubble sort algorithms and searched number must be determined randomly.
- Construct a table and save execution time for each algorithms.(See Table 1)
- You must carry out these steps for different n number.
- Finally, you will plot a graph that will show relation between n and execution time

Algorithms /n	100	300	500	700	1100	1300	1500	1700	1900	2100	2300	2500
Matrix multiplication												
Bubble sort												
Finding maximum element												
Quick sort algorithm												
Binary search algorithm												

Table 1: Exemplary Table

Reports

1. Your report will include table,graph and your analysis for the experiment.
2. There are no special requirements for the report. If you use a document, code, solution vs. you have to refer related documents.

Notes

Give necessary details in your report. Save all your work until the assignment is graded.You can ask your questions about the experiment on Piazza.

You will only submit your report file in the given format below

[Student id]
studentid_assignment1.pdf

Your assignment will not be marked if you do not prepare a table and graph.

Policy

All work on assignments must be done individually unless stated otherwise. You are encouraged to discuss with your classmates about the given assignments, but these discussions should be carried out in an abstract way. That is, discussions related to a particular solution to a specific problem (either in actual code or in the pseudocode) will not be tolerated. In short, turning in someone elses work(from internet), in whole or in part, as your own will be considered as a violation of academic integrity. Please note that the former condition also holds for the material found on the web as everything on the web has been written by someone else.